

In the Claims:

Please replace paragraphs [0004] and [0007] in the specification with the following.

[0004] United States Patent Application No. ~~xxx,xxx,xxx~~ 10/789,010, entitled "METHOD FOR PROTECTION AGAINST INTERLEAVING TRANSACTIONS USING A TRANSACTION MANAGER", filed on February 27, 2004, ~~Attorney Docket No. BEAS1338US3, currently pending~~ now U.S. Patent No. 7,353,495, issued on April 1, 2008.

[0007] The transaction manager may be provided by the application sever provided. One such provider of application servers is BEA Systems, of San Jose, California, who provide the Web Logic Server application server system. The WebLogic Server (WLS) Transaction Manager (TM) implements the J2EE JTA specification. This specification is based on the OpenGroup Distributed Transaction Processing Model (DTPM). A typical J2EE distributed transaction processing model 100 is depicted in Figure 1. Distributed Transaction Processing Model 100 includes application (App) 110, resource manager (RM) 120, and transaction manager (TM) 130. The TM coordinates two-phase commit (2PC) transactions that involve multiple resources. Resources developed by third parties may be utilized in WLS applications because they adhere to the J2EE standards. The App communicates with the RM using an API such as JDBC (for relational databases) and JMS (for queuing systems). The App controls transaction demarcation using the JTA API. The TM communicates with the RM during 2PC processing using the extended architecture (XA) interface, specifically the XAResource interface as defined in the J2EE JTA specification. This interface provides methods for enlisting and delisting a resource in a global transaction, preparing the resource (first phase of 2PC), and committing or rolling back the resource (second phase of 2PC). There are also methods for use in failure recovery (recover), resource comparison (isSameRM) and error processing (forget).